CENTRAL FAX CENTER

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Serial No.: 09/931,210

1 LISTING OF THE CLAIMS

2 **CLAIMS**

- What is claimed is: 3
- (previously presented) A method for imparting a watermark onto a digitized image, said 4 5 method comprising:
- providing a digitized image having at least one image plane, said image plane being 6 represented by an image array having a plurality of pixels, each pixel in said plurality of pixels 7 having at least one color component, said watermark being formed using a distinct watermarking 8 plane represented by an array having a plurality of distinct watermarking elements, each of said 9 distinct watermarking elements having an array position and having one-to-one positional 10 11 correspondence with said image pixels, and
- multiplying brightness data associated with said at least one color component by a 12 predetermined brightness multiplying factor, wherein said brightness multiplying factor is a 13 corresponding distinct watermarking element, and said watermark has a invisibility i 14 classification, wherein said brightness multiplying factor has a relationship with a number taken 15 from a random number sequence.
- 16
- 17 2. (canceled)
- (previously presented) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein said relationship is a 18 3.
- linear remapping to provide a desired modulation strength. 19
- (Original) A method as recited in claim 3, wherein said modulation strength lies in the 20 4. 21 domain greater than or equal to zero and less than or equal to 0.5.

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- 1 5. (previously presented) A method for imparting a watermark onto a digitized image
- 2 comprising the steps of:
- 3 providing said digitized image comprised of a plurality of pixels, wherein each of said
- 4 pixels includes brightness data that represents a brightness of at least one color; and
- 5 altering said brightness data associated with a plurality of said pixels maintaining the hue
- 6 and saturation of said pixel,
- wherein said image has I rows and J columns, and has a pixel in row i and column j having at
- 8 least one brightness, Y(i,j), and the step of altering includes: adding to or subtracting from the
- brightness Y(i,j) a different small random value e(i,j), wherein I < i < I and I < j < J are the row is
- and column indices of a pixel location in the image, and
- wherein color components of the unaltered pixel are X(i,j), Y(i,j), and Z(i,j), and color
- components of the brightness altered pixel are X'(i,j), Y'(i,j), and Z'(i,j), and the step of adding
- to or subtracting from includes setting e(i,j) = d(i,j)Y(i,j), where d(i,j) is a value selected from an
- 14 array of random values within a range of $0 \le d(i,j) \le 1$, such that the modified brightness
- 15 Y'(i,j) = Y(i,j) + e(i,j) = Y(i,j) + d(i,j)Y(i,j), and X'(i,j)/X(i,j) = Z'(i,j)/Z(i,j) = Y'(i,j)/Y(i,j) = e(i,j)
- 16 = 1-d(i,j).
- 17 6. (Canceled)
- 18 7. (Previously presented) A method as recited in claim 5, wherein the step of adding to or
- subtracting from includes making e(i,j) proportional to an original brightness of the pixel.
- 20 8. (Canceled)
- 21 9. (previously presented) A method as recited in claim 5, wherein the step of setting
- 22 includes preserving ratios of color components in each pixel.

1 10. (Original) A method as recited in claim 9, wherein the step of preserving includes setting 2 X'(i,j)/X(i,j) = Z'(i,j)/Z(i,j) = Y'(i,j)/Y(i,j) = 1-d(i,j), wherein the color components of the 3 unaltered pixel are X(i,j), Y(i,j), and Z(i,j), and the color components of the brightness altered 4 pixel are X'(i,j), Y'(i,j), and Z'(i,j). 5 11. (canceled) 6 12. (previously presented) A method for imparting a watermark onto a digitized image 7 comprising the steps of: 8 providing said digitized image comprised of a plurality of pixels, wherein each of said 9 pixels includes brightness data that represents a brightness of at least one color, with said 10 image having I rows and J columns, and a pixel in row i and column j having a brightness 11 Y(i,j); and 12 for a plurality i and at least one j adding to or subtracting from the brightness Y(i,i) a random value e(i,i), wherein 1 [i [I and 1 [j [J are the row and column indices of a pixel 13 14 location in the image, 15 wherein e(i,j) is in the domain 0 to 1 multiplied by Y(i,j). 16 13. (canceled) 17 14. (canceled)-18 15. (previously presented) A method for detecting a watermark in a marked image, said method 19 comprising: 20 providing said marked image marked by a watermarking plane, said marked image having at 21

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least one color plane including a plurality of image pixels, said watermarking plane having a i

1 plurality of watermarking elements, wherein each of said image pixels has at least one brightness 2 value and each of said watermarking elements has a brightness adding and/or subtracting factor, 3 including the steps of: 4 (a) reconstructing said watermarking plane; (b) aligning said watermarking plane with said marked image such that each 5 6 watermarking element has a corresponding image pixel; 7 (c) providing a selector array and a visualizer image of equal size, wherein said selector; array has a plurality of selector elements each having at least one counter, and wherein said 8 visualizer image has a plurality of visualizer pixels each having at least one brightness value, and 9 10 wherein said visualizer pixels represent a recognizable pattern when displayed; 11 (d) resetting said at least one counter to zero; 12 (e) placing said selector in an initial position by aligning said selector elements with a 13 plurality of corresponding image pixels and a plurality of corresponding watermarking elements; 14 (f) choosing a selector element and identifying a corresponding watermarking element; (g) identifying a first plurality of watermarking elements that neighbor said corresponding 15 16 watermarking element; 17 (h) generating a first average that represents an average of brightness multiplying adding

and/or subtracting factors of said first plurality of watermarking elements;

(i) choosing a color plane of said marked image and finding a corresponding image pixel;

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1 (j) identifying a first plurality of neighboring pixels that neighbor said corresponding 2 image pixel; 3 (k) generating a second average that represents an average of brightness values of said 4 5 first plurality of neighboring pixels; 6 (1) updating said at least one counter based upon first and second comparison operations, 7 wherein said first comparison operation compares said first average with said brightness adding 8 subtracting factor of said corresponding watermarking element and said second 9 comparison operation compares said second average with said brightness value of said 10 corresponding pixel; 11 (m) repeating steps (i) through (l) for all color planes; 12 (n) repeating steps (f) through (m) for all selector elements; 13 (o) choosing a new selector position that does not overlap any previous selector position; 14 (p) repeating steps (f) through (o) for all non-overlapping selector positions; and 15 (q) generating a visual representation indicating detection of said watermark in said marked image utilizing said at least one counter of said selector array and said visualizer pixels, 16 wherein the step of aligning said watermarking plane with said marked image includes altering 17 18 said marked image employing a blurring filter. 19 16. (Original) A method for detecting a watermarking plane comprising the steps of: providing an image having a plurality of image pixels, u(i,j), with said image having I 20 rows and J columns, and a pixel in row i and column j having at least one component, marked by 21

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a watermarking plane; said watermarking plane having a plurality of watermarking elements.

1 w(i,j), with said watermarking plane having I rows and J columns, and an element in row i and 2 column j having a brightness multiplying factor; aligning said watermarking plane with said image; 3 4 identifying a subset of said image elements; 5 for each pixel, u(i,j), of said subset of image pixels, 6 generating a first value representing a relationship between an attribute of said pixel u(i,j) and an attribute of image pixels that neighbor said pixel u(i,j);* 7 identifying a watermarking element, w(i,j), that corresponds to said pixel u(i,j) 8 1 and watermarking elements that correspond to said image pixels that neighbor said image pixel 9 10 u(i,j); generating a second value representing a relationship between an attribute of said 11 watermarking element w(i,j) and an attribute of the identified watermarking elements; and 12 13 generating a coincidence value representing a likelihood that said image is marked by said watermarking plane based upon said first and second values. 14 (Original) A method as recited in claim 1, wherein said distinct watermarking element, 15 17. has a value being in the domain greater than or equal to zero and less than or equal to one. 16 18. (Original) A method for imparting a watermark onto a digitized image comprising the steps 17 18 of: providing said digitized image comprised of a plurality of image pixels with said 19 digitized image having I rows and J columns, and a pixel in row i and column j having at least 20 21 one component, Y(i,j); and

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adding to or subtracting from said brightness data associated with at least one of said pixels a predetermined brightness adding factor in the range of 0 to Y(i,j), or brightness subtracting factor in the range of 0 to Y(i,j).

- 4 wherein said brightness adding or subtracting factor has a relationship with a number taken from
- 5 a random number sequence, said relationship is a linear remapping to provide a desired
- 6 modulation strength, and said modulation strength is less than or equal to 50 percent.
- 7 19. (Original) A method for imparting a watermark onto a digitized image comprising the steps
- 8 of:
- providing said digitized image comprised of a plurality of image pixels with said image having I rows and J columns, and a pixel in row i and column j having at least one component, if Y(i,j); and
- adding to or subtracting from said brightness data associated with at least one of said pixels by a predetermined brightness adding or subtracting factor in the range of 0 to Y(i,j),
- wherein said brightness adding or subtracting factor has a relationship with a number taken from a random number sequence, said relationship is a linear remapping to provide a desired
- 16 modulation strength, said sequence is formed from a plurality of robust watermarking
- 17 parameters, and said parameters comprise a cryptographic key, two coefficients and an initial
- value of said random number generator.
- 19 20. (Original) A method for detecting a watermark, said method comprising:
- providing a marked image having a plurality of image pixels said marked image being marked by
 a watermarking plane, having a plurality of watermark elements;

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- 1 aligning said watermarking plane with said marked image, and
- 2 generating a coincidence value by averaging a detection coincidence for each selector element of
- 3 a group of selector elements taken from said image pixels.

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- 5 21. (Original) A method as recited in claim 20, wherein each of said group of selector
- 6 elements has a selector size, said method further comprising:

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- 7 providing a visualizer pattern having a plurality of visualizer pixels and a visualizer size equal to
- 8 said selector size, each of said visualizer pixels being associated with one of said selector
- 9 elements and having a visualizer color; and
- displaying a watermark detection pattern having a size at least equal to said visualizer size and a
- 11 plurality of visualizer-coincidence pixels, wherein each of said visualizer-coincidence pixels is
- 12 associated with a corresponding selector element and a corresponding visualizer pixel, and each
- of said visualizer-coincidence pixels being displayed having said visualizer color when said
- 14 coincidence value of said corresponding selected element has an indication of a detection success
- 15 and having another color otherwise.

- 16 22. (Original) A method as recited in claim 20 wherein said watermark is based on a factor
- multiplying a brightness value of each of said image pixels.
- 18 23. (Original) A method as recited in claim 20, further comprising:
- 19 reconstructing said watermarking plane used in generating said watermark.

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- 21 24. (Original) A method as recited in claim 23, wherein said watermarking plane has a
- 22 plurality of watermarking elements, said method further comprising:
- 23 rotating, resizing and said image to bring it to a size and position of an original image, and

1 aligning said watermarking plane with said marked image such that each of said watermarking

2 elements has a corresponding image pixel.

3 25. (Original) A method as recited in claim 20, wherein each said group contains 128

4 elements.

5 26. (Original) A method as recited in claim 20, wherein each pixel of said image pixels has a

6 monochrome brightness value.

7 27. (Original) A method as recited in claim 20, wherein said watermarking plane is

8 generated using a plurality of robust watermarking parameters.

9 28. (Previously presented) A method as recited in claim 20, wherein said coincidence value

10 is determined using a statistically related attribute relating each said selector element to a

11 plurality of neighboring elements.

12 29. (Original) A method as recited in claim 28, wherein said attribute is a brightness value.

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14 30. (Original) A method for detecting a watermark imparted on an image, said method

15 comprising:

16 providing said image having at least one image plane, said image plane being represented by an

17 image array having a plurality of image elements, said watermark being formed using a

watermarking plane represented by a watermarking array having a plurality of watermarking

19 elements, each of said watermarking elements having a first array position and having one-to-one

20 positional correspondence with said image elements;

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1 computing a first statistically related variable for each element of at least one first grouping of a

first selector array of elements taken from said image elements, wherein each of said image

3 elements has a second array position;

4 computing a second statistically related variable for each element of at least one second grouping

of a second selector array of elements taken from said watermarking elements, wherein each

6 element of said second selector array of elements has one-to-one positional correspondence with

7 said first selector array, and wherein said correspondence forms combinations of corresponding

8 elements;

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9 comparing to determine an affirmative and non-affirmative likeness of said first and second

statistically related variables for each of said combinations of corresponding elements; and

forming at least one comparison array having one-to-one correspondence with said at least one

12 first grouping and having a plurality of comparison elements, wherein each of said comparison

13 elements contains a positive detection indication for each element of said first grouping when

said step of comparing results in an affirmative likeness, and a negative detection indication for

each element of said first grouping when said step of comparing results in a non-affirmative

16 likeness.

17 31. (Original) A method as recited in claim 30, wherein said watermark is formed by adding

18 or subtracting a brightness factor of each of said image elements by an amount contained in a

19 corresponding element of said watermarking elements.

20 32. (Original) A method as recited in claim 30, wherein said first grouping corresponds to a

selector positioned to encompass said first selector array of elements forming a rectangular

22 cluster of elements.

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1 33. (Original) A method as recited in claim 30, wherein said first statistical variable is

- 2 formed by comparing an attribute of said each element of said first selector array of elements to
- 3 an average attribute of its 128 closest neighbors.
- 4 34. (Previously presented) A method as recited in claim 33, wherein said attribute is a ratio
- of the color component to the average of neighboring color components in the same color plane.
- 6 35. (Original) A method as recited in claim 30, wherein each of said at least one first
- 7 grouping is positioned so as not to overlap any other of said at least one first grouping.
- 9 36. (Original) A method as recited in claim 30, wherein each said comparison elements has a
- 10 particular position in said comparison array, said method further comprising:
- determining an average percentage of said affirmative and non-affirmative likeness of each
- 12 element of said comparison elements having a same particular position in all arrays of said at
- 13 least one comparison array, and
- 14 forming a detection array of elements having one-to-one element correspondence with said
- 15 comparison elements, wherein each element of said detection array of elements contains said
- 16 average percentage.

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- 17 37. (Original) A method as recited in claim 36, further comprising the steps of:
- providing a visualizer pattern of pixels represented by an array having visualizer pixels which
- have one-to-one element correspondence with said detection array, each of said visualizer pixels
- 20 has a first logical value if a corresponding visualizer pixel is black, and a complementary logical
- 21 value if said corresponding pixel is white;

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forming a visualizer coincidence image having a plurality of coincidence pixels, wherein a

- 2 coincidence pixel has a corresponding visualizer pixel and a corresponding detection array
- 3 element; and
- 4 setting said coincidence pixel to black if both said corresponding visualizer pixel is black and
- 5 said percentage average of said corresponding detection array element has a value greater than a
- 6 predetermined detection threshold, otherwise setting said coincidence pixel to white.
- 7 38. (Original) A method as recited in claim 30, wherein said image has three color planes.
- 8 39. (Original) A method comprising generating a visual representation of a data array of data
- 9 elements having a data array size, including the steps of:
- providing a visualizer pattern of visualizer pixels represented by a visualizer array of
- visualizer pixels, said visualizer array having a visualizer array size equal to said data array size;
- forming a visualizer-coincidence image of image pixels represented by an image array
- having an image array size equal to said visualizer array size;
- setting each said visualizer-coincidence pixel to the color of said corresponding visualizer
- pixel if a value of said corresponding data element is above a predetermined threshold and to
- another color if said value is below said predetermined threshold; and
- displaying said visualizer-coincidence image to form said visual representation.
- 18 40. (Original) A method as recited in claim 39, wherein said data array represents data resulting
- 19 from a watermark detection implementation.
- 20 41. (Original) A method as recited in claim 39, wherein said first color is black and said second
- 21 color is white.

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- 42. (Original) A method as recited in claim 39, wherein said threshold is set at a fifty percent 1
- 2 success rate.
- 43. (Original) A method for demonstrating an existence of a watermark in a marked image, said 3
- 4 image having a plurality of image pixels, said method comprising:
- 5 providing a visualizer pattern represented by an array of visualizer elements, each of said
- visualizer elements corresponding with one pixel of a plurality of visualizer pixels and having a 6
- first value if said one pixel has a first color and a second value if said one pixel has a second 7
- 8 color, said visualizer array having a visualizer array size;
- 9 implementing a watermark detection scheme and computing a coincidence value for each of said
- 10 image pixels within a plurality of pixel selector arrays taken from among said image pixels, each
- 11 of said pixel selector arrays having a selector array size equal to said visualizer array size;

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- 13 forming a detection array from a plurality of coincidence values, wherein said detection array has
- 14 a detection array size equal to said visualizer size; and
- 15 computing a coincidence detection value for each of said visualizer elements such that said
- 16 detection value represents a visualizer.
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 - 44. (Original) A method for detecting a watermark in a marked image having a plurality of image
- pixels, said marked image marked by a watermarking plane having a plurality of watermarking 18
- 19 elements, said method comprising:
- providing a visualizer pattern having a plurality of visualizer pixels and a visualizer size; 20
- aligning said watermarking plane with said marked image such that each said image pixel has a 21
- 22 corresponding watermarking element;

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1	generating a statistically related variable for each image element in a p'urality of groupings of	
2	image elements in relationship with said corresponding watermarking element; wherein each of	
3	said groupings has a grouping size equal to said visualizer size;	
4	averaging said variable for each element in a like position of all of said groupings to obtain a	
5	composite detection success value; and	
6	displaying detection success values by a plurality of visualizer-coincidence pixels having a size	
7	equal to said visualizer size, each said visualizer-coincidence pixel having a same color as said	
8	corresponding visualizer pixel when said corresponding success value indicates detection success	
9	and another color otherwise.	
10	45. (previously presented) A computer program product comprising a computer usable medium	
11	having computer readable program code means embodied therein for causing a watermark to be	
12	imparted into an image, the computer readable program code means in said computer program	
13	product comprising computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect the	
14	steps of:	
15	providing a digitized image having at least one image plane, said image plane being	
16	represented by an image array having a plurality of pixels, each of said pixel pixels	
17	having at least one color component, said watermark being formed using a distinct	
18	watermarking plane represented by an array having a plurality of distinct watermarking	
19	elements, each of said distinct watermarking elements having an array position and	
20	having one-to-one positional correspondence with said image pixels, and	
21	multiplying said brightness data associated with said at least one color component by a	
22	predetermined brightness multiplying factor, wherein said brightness multiplying factor is	
23	a corresponding distinct watermarking element, and said watermark has a invisibility	
24	classification, wherein said distinct watermarking element, has a value being in the	
25	domain greater than or equal to zero and less than or equal to one.	

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- 1 46. (canceled)
- 2 47. (canceled)
- 3 48. (canceled)
- 4 49. (canceled)
- 5 50. (canceled)
- 6 51. (Original) An article of manufacture comprising a computer usable medium having computer
- 7 readable program code means embodied therein for causing detection of a watermark in a marked
- 8 image, the computer readable program code means in said article of manufacture comprising
- 9 computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect the steps of claim 16.
- 10 52. (Original) An article of manufacture comprising a computer usable medium having computer
- readable program code means embodied therein for causing generation of a visual representation
- of a data array of data elements, the computer readable program code means in said article of
- manufacture comprising computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect
- 14 the steps of claim 39.
- 15 53. (Original) An article of manufacture comprising a computer usable medium having computer
- 16 readable program code means embodied therein for causing a watermark to be imparted onto a
- 17 digitized image, the computer readable program code means in said article of manufacture
- comprising computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect the steps of
- 19 claim 18.
- 20 54. (Original) An article of manufacture comprising a computer usable medium having computer
- 21 readable program code means embodied therein for causing a watermark to be imparted onto a

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digitized image, the computer readable program code means in said, article of manufacture

- 2 comprising computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect the steps of
- 3 claim 19.
- 4 55. (Original) An article of manufacture comprising a computer usable medium having computer
- 5 readable program code means embodied therein for causing detection of a watermark imparted
- onto a digitized image, the computer readable program code means in said article of manufacture
- 7 comprising computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect the steps of
- 8 claim 20.
- 9 56. (Original) An article of manufacture comprising a computer usable medium having computer
- 10 readable program code means embodied therein for causing detection of a watermark in a marked
- image, the computer readable program code means in said article of reanufacture comprising
- computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect the steps of claim 30.
- 13 57. (currently amended) An article of manufacture comprising a computer usable medium having
- 14 computer readable program code means embodied therein for causing generation of a visual
- 15 representation of a data array of data elements, the computer readable program code means in
- said article of manufacture comprising computer readable program code means for causing a
- 17 computer to effect the steps of claim 44 claim 40.
- 18 58. (Original) An article of manufacture comprising a computer usable medium having computer
- 19 readable program code means embodied therein for causing demonstration of an existence of a
- 20 watermark in a marked image, the computer readable program code means in said article of
- 21 manufacture comprising computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect;
- 22 the steps of claim 43.
- 23 59. (Original) A computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having
- 24 computer readable program code means embodied therein for causing detection of a watermark
- 25 in a marked image, the computer readable program code means in said computer program

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- product comprising computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect the
- 2 steps of claim 44.
- 3 60. (Original) An apparatus to impart a watermark onto a digitized image, said apparatus
- 4 comprising mechanisms for implementing the method of claim 1.
- 5 61. (Original) An apparatus for imparting a watermark onto a digitized image comprising
- 6 mechanisms for implementing the method of claim 5.
- 7 62. (previously presented) An apparatus for imparting a watermark onto a digitized image
- 8 comprising mechanisms for implementing the method of claim 7.
- 9 63. (Canceled)
- 10 64. (Canceled)
- 11 65. (Canceled)
- 12 66. (Canceled)
- 13 67. (Canceled)
- 14 68. (Previously presented) A method as recited in claim 16, wherein the image is a marked
- image, and the step of aligning includes altering said marked image employing a blurring filter.
- 16 69. (Previously presented) A method as recited in claim 20, wherein the image is a marked
- image, and the step of aligning includes altering said marked image employing a blurring filter.
- 18 70. (Previously presented) A method as recited in claim 30, wherein the image is a marked
- image, and the step of providing includes altering said marked image employing a blurring filter.

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- 71. (Previously presented) A method as recited in claim 44, wherein the image is a marked
- 2 image, and the step of aligning includes altering said marked image employing a blurring filter.
- 3 72. (Previously presented) An article of manufacture as recited in claim 51, wherein the image is
- 4 a marked image, and the step of aligning includes altering said marked image employing a
- 5 blurring filter.
- 6 73. (Previously presented) An article of manufacture as recited in claim 59, wherein the image is
- 7 a marked image, and the step of aligning includes altering said marked image employing a
- 8 blurring filter.
- 9 74. (Previously presented) An apparatus as recited in claim 61, wherein the image is a marked
- 10 image, and the mechanisms for implementing includes means for altering said marked image
- 11 employing a blurring filter.
- 12 75. (Original) A method of generating a visual representation of a data array of data elements
- 13 having a data array size, said method comprising:
- 14 providing a visualizer pattern of visualizer pixels represented by a visualizer array of visualizer
- 15 elements, said visualizer array having a visualizer array size equal to said data array size, wherein
- 16 each of said visualizer elements has a first logical value if a corresponding visualizer pixel is a
- first color and a complementary logical value if said corresponding visualizer pixel has a second
- 18 color;
- forming a data image of image pixels represented by an image array having an image array size
- 20 equal to said data array size, wherein an image pixel has a corresponding data element and a
- 21 corresponding visualizer pixel;

setting said data pixel to a color of said corresponding visualizer pixel if a value of said data

- element is above a predetermined threshold and to another color if said value is below said
- 3 predetermined threshold; and

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- 5 displaying said data image to form said visual representation.
- 6 76. (Original) A method as recited in claim 75, wherein said data array represents data resulting
- 7 from a watermark detection implementation.
- 8 77. (Original) A method as recited in claim 75, wherein said first color is black and said second
- 9 color is white.
- 78. (Original) A method as recited in claim 75, wherein said threshold is set at a fifty percent
- 11 success rate.
- 79. (Original) An article of manufacture comprising a computer usable medium having computer
- 13 readable program code means embodied therein for causing generation of a visual representation
- of a data array of data elements, the computer readable program code means in said article of
- 15 manufacture comprising computer readable program code means for causing a computer to effect
- 16 the steps of claim 75.
- 17 80. (Original) A computer program product comprising a computer usable medium having
- 18 computer readable program code means embodied therein for causing generation of a visual
- 19 representation of a data array of data elements, the computer readable program code means in
- 20 said computer program product comprising computer readable program code means for causing a
- 21 computer to effect the steps of claim 75.
- 22 81. (canceled)

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23 82. (canceled)

- 1 83. (Original) An apparatus for detecting a watermark in a marked image comprising
- 2 mechanisms for implementing the method of claim 15.
- 3 84. (Original) An apparatus for detecting a watermarking plane comprising mechanisms for
- 4 implementing the method of claim 16.
- 5 85. (Original) An apparatus for imparting a watermark onto a digitized image comprising
- 6 mechanisms for implementing the method of claim 19.
- 7 86. (Original) An apparatus for detecting a watermark comprising mechanisms for implementing
- 8 the method of claim 20.
- 9 87. (Original) An apparatus for detecting a watermark comprising mechanisms for implementing
- 10 the method of claim 30.
- 88. (Original) An apparatus for demonstrating an existence of a watermark in a marked image
- 12 comprising mechanisms for implementing the method of claim 43.
- 13 89. (Original) An apparatus for detecting a watermark comprising mechanisms for implementing
- 14 the method of claim 44.
- 90. (Original) A method for detecting a watermarking plane comprising the steps of:
- providing an image having a plurality of image pixels, u(i,j), with said image having I
- 17 rows and J columns, and a pixel in row i and column j having at least one component, marked by
- a watermarking plane; said watermarking plane having a plurality of watermarking elements,
- 19 w(i,j), with said watermarking plane having I rows and J columns, and an element in row i and
- 20 column j having a brightness multiplying factor;

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1	aligning said watermarking plane with said image;

- 2 identifying a subset of said image elements; and
 - for each pixel, u(i,j), of said subset of image pixels, employing a detection scheme in determining a probability of watermark detection based on a property of uniform distribution of the random brightness multiplying factors or the random brightness adding or subtracting factors.